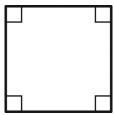
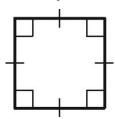
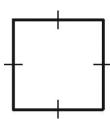
Tell whether each figure is a parallelogram, rectangle, rhombus, or square based on the information given. Use the most specific name possible.



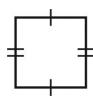
2.



3.



4.



Rectangle

Square

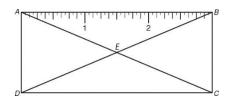
Rhombus Parallelogram

The part of a ruler shown is a rectangle with AB = 3 inches and $BD = 3\frac{1}{4}$ inches. Find each length.

5.
$$DC = 3$$
 inches

6.
$$AC = \frac{3^{\frac{1}{4}} \text{ inches}}{3^{\frac{1}{4}} \text{ inches}}$$

7.
$$DE = \frac{15}{10}$$
 inches



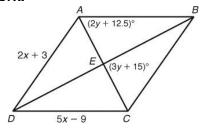
VWXY is a rhombus. Find each measure. Show work.

8.
$$AB = \frac{11 (x=4)}{11}$$

9.
$$m \angle BEC = 90^{\circ} \text{ y=25}$$

10.
$$m \angle BAE = \frac{62.5^{\circ}}{}$$

11.
$$m \angle DAB = \frac{125^{\circ}}{125^{\circ}}$$



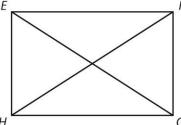
EFGH is a rectangle. Complete the statements that must be true about *EFGH*.

12.

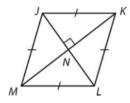
$$\overline{EG} \cong \overline{FH}$$

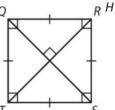
$$\overline{EG} \cong \overline{FH}$$
 13. m $\angle EHG = 90^{\circ}$

$$\overline{EH} \parallel \overline{FG}$$



JKLM is a rhombus and QRST is a square. Fill in the missing information.





15. If
$$ML = 32$$
, $LK = \frac{32}{ST}$ 16. $m \angle MNL = \frac{90^{\circ}}{17}$ 17. $\overline{QT} \cong \overline{ST} \cong \overline{RQ} \cong \overline{SR}$

ABCD is a kite. Use the figure to find each measure in Problems 1–3.

1. AB

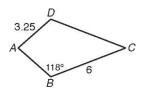
2. m∠*D*

3. CD

<u>3.25</u>

118°

<u>6</u>



For 4-7, in kite ABCD, $m \angle BCE = 28^{\circ}$ and $m \angle BAE = 57^{\circ}$. Find each measure.

- 4. *m∠CBE*
- 5. $m \angle ABE$
- 6. $m \angle ABC$
- 7. *m*∠*ADC*

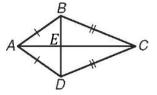
62°

33°

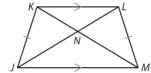
95°

95°

9. Find the positive value of x so the trapezoid PQRS

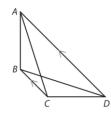


8. LJ = 19.3 and KN = 8.1. Determine MN.



11.2

10. AC = 3y + 12 and BD = 27 - 2y. Determine the Value of y so that trapezoid ABCD is isosceles.



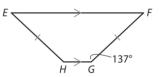
y = 3



is isosceles.



11. Find $m \angle E$.



43°

12. Find the values of x so that *EFGH* is isosceles.

<u>-12 or 12</u>

13. BD = 7a - 0.5 and AC = 5a + 2.3. Find the value of a so that ABCD is isosceles.



14. $QS = 8z^2$, and $RT = 6z^2 + 38$. Find the values of z so that QRST is isosceles.

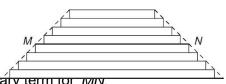


 $G \xrightarrow{(x^2-10)^{\circ}} (x^2-98)^{\circ}$





Use the figure for Problems 15 and 16. The figure shows a ziggurat. A ziggurat is a stepped, flat-topped pyramid that was used as a temple by ancient peoples of Mesopotamia. The dashed lines show that a ziggurat has sides roughly in the shape of a trapezoid.



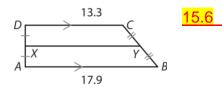
15. Each "step" in the ziggurat has equal height. Give the vocaburary term for non.

midsegment

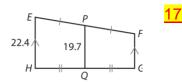
16. The bottom of the ziggurat is 27.3 meters long, and the top of the ziggurat is 11.6 meters long. Find *MN*.

19.45 meters

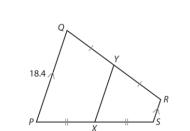
17. In trapezoid *ABCD*, find *XY*.



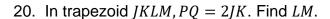
18. In trapezoid EFGH, find FG.

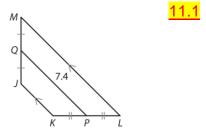


19. In trapezoid PQRS, PQ = 4RS. Find XY.



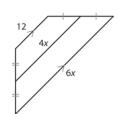
<u>11.5</u>





For 21-22, find the length of the midsegment of each trapezoid.





22.

