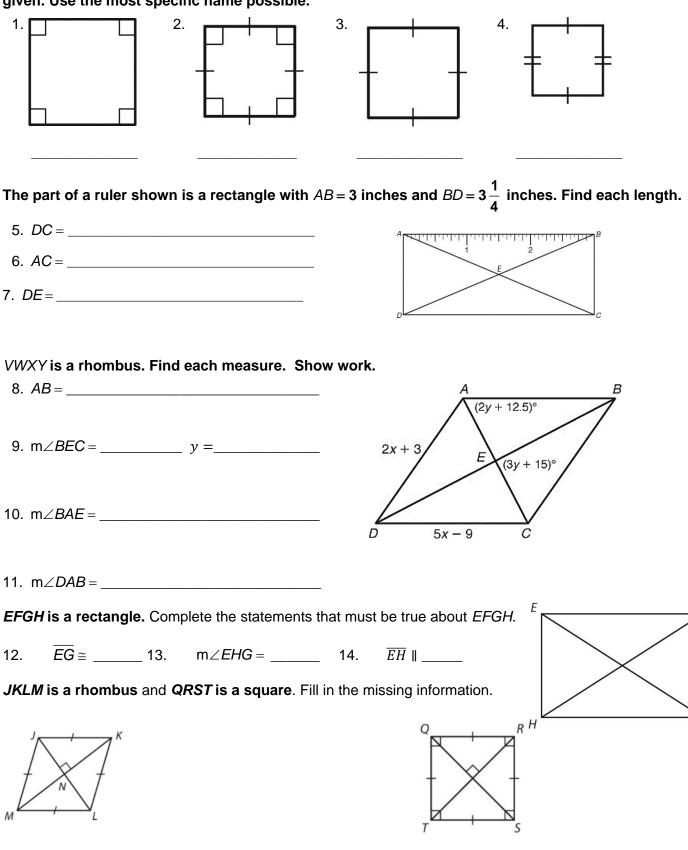
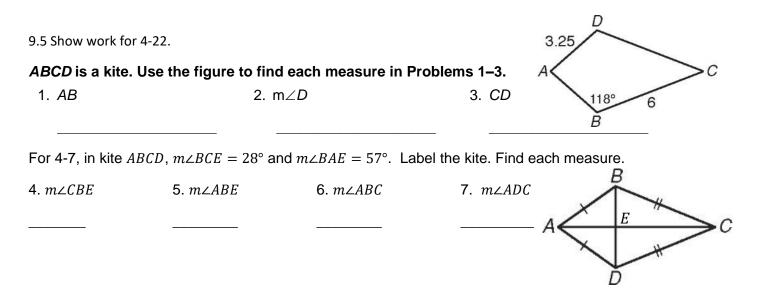
## 9.3/9.4 Homework

G

Tell whether each figure is a parallelogram, rectangle, rhombus, or square based on the information given. Use the most specific name possible.



15. If ML = 32,  $LK = \_$  16.  $m \angle MNL = \_$  17.  $\overline{QT} \cong \_$   $\cong \_$   $\cong \_$ 



8. LJ = 19.3 and KN = 8.1. Determine MN.

9. Find the positive value of *x* so the trapezoid *PQRS* is isosceles.

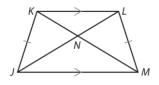
 $(x^2 + 30)$ 

F

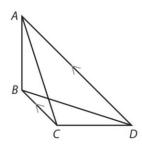
 $(2x^2 + 5)$ 

11. Find *m*∠*E*.

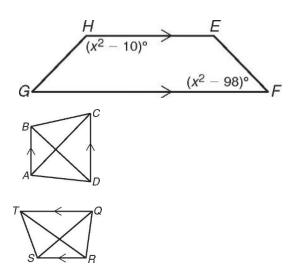
0



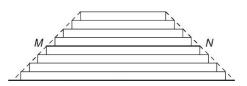
10. AC = 3y + 12 and BD = 27 - 2y. Determine the Value of y so that trapezoid *ABCD* is isosceles.



- 12. Find the values of x so that *EFGH* is isosceles.
- 13. BD = 7a 0.5 and AC = 5a + 2.3. Find the value of *a* so that *ABCD* is isosceles.
- 14.  $QS = 8z^2$ , and  $RT = 6z^2 + 38$ . Find the values of *z* so that *QRST* is isosceles.

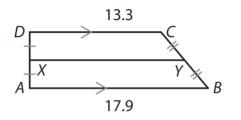


Use the figure for Problems 15 and 16. The figure shows a *ziggurat.* A ziggurat is a stepped, flat-topped pyramid that was used as a temple by ancient peoples of Mesopotamia. The dashed lines show that a ziggurat has sides roughly in the shape of a trapezoid.

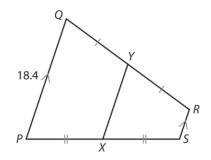


15.Each "step" in the ziggurat has equal height. Give the vocabulary term for  $\overline{MN}$ .

- 16. The bottom of the ziggurat is 27.3 meters long, and the top of the ziggurat is 11.6 meters long. Find *MN*.
- 17. In trapezoid *ABCD*, find *XY*.

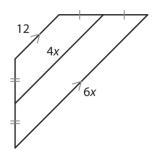


19. In trapezoid PQRS, PQ = 4RS. Find XY.

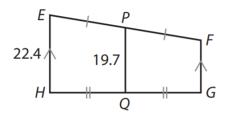


For 21-22, find the length of the midsegment of each trapezoid.

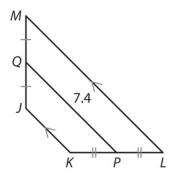
21.



18. In trapezoid *EFGH*, find *FG*.



20. In trapezoid JKLM, PQ = 2JK. Find LM.



22.

