Use Coordinate Geometry to prove that quadrilateral ABCD is a kite given the vertices *A* (0, 0), *B* (1, 5), *C* (8, 8) and *D* (5, 1). 10

Show that both pairs of consecutive sides are congruent and distinct.

Find the lengths of the sides.



Distance Formula $d = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$ or Pythagorean Theorem $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$

$$AB = CD =$$

BC =DA =

Explain why *ABCD* is a kite:

Prove that quadrilateral A(-2, 2) B(4, -2) C(4, -4) D(2, -4) is a kite. 1.

							Y I						
-			-					-	-		1		-
				1	<u>.</u>	-	-		-		1		
							19		-	-			
	<u> </u>			1		1.00			_	1	1.1		
	í .												
			÷,	5.3	į.,								X
÷		1.1			ŝ.	÷					÷	(18
						-	-	-			1		-
	1	1	-	1									
					1	-		-			1	- -	
									-	-			
				·					-				
			-								1		
									l				

I know ABCD is a kite because_____

I know this since ______