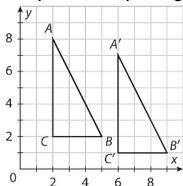
## Triangle ABC is translated to create the image A'B'C'.

For each point on the preimage, find the corresponding point on the image.



- 1. *A* (\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_) *A*′(\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_)
- 2. B(\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_) B'(\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_)
- 3. C(\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_) C'(\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_)
- 4. P(x, y)  $P'(x + ___, y ___)$
- 5. How far does each point on the preimage move to make the image?

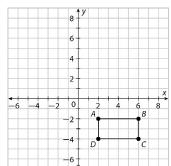
\_\_\_\_\_ unit(s) to the \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_ unit(s) \_\_\_\_

## Find the points indicated.

- 6. The point (2, 5) is on  $\triangle ABC$  above. What is the corresponding point on  $\triangle A'B'C'$ ? (\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_)
- 7. The point (3, 6) is on  $\triangle ABC$ . What is the corresponding point  $o\triangle A'B'C'$ ?(\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_)
- 8. The point (7, 1) is on  $\triangle A'B'C'$ . What is the corresponding point on  $\triangle ABC$ ?(\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_)
- 9. The point (8, 3) is on  $\triangle A'B'C'$ . What is the corresponding point on  $\triangle ABC$ ? (\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_)

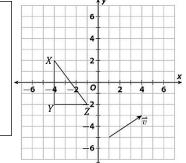
State the meaning of the vector in words.

- 10. <-3, 1> \_\_\_\_\_ 11. <6, -2>
- 12. Draw the image when ABCD is translated along <-5, 4>. 13. Draw the translation along the given vector.



Name the translation using coordinate notation.

Draw the vector somewhere on the graph.



Name the vector using component form ( , )

Give the vertices of the image after it is translated along the given vector.

- 14. A(-2, 5), B(-1, 3), C(1, 5) along (3, 0)
- 15. N(2, -2), P(1, -4), Q(7, 4), R(6, -2) along (4, 5)\_\_\_\_\_

Match each set of coordinates for a preimage with the coordinates of its image after using the vector (3, -8).

16. A. (1, 1); (10, 1): (6, 5)

- (6, -10); (6, -4); (9, -3)
- B. (0, 0); (3, 8); (4, 0); (7, 8)
- (1, -6); (5, -6); (-1, -8); (7, -8)

C. (3,-2); (3,4); (6,5)

- (4, -7); (13, -7); (9, -3)
- D. (-2, 2); (2, 2); (-4, 0); (4, 0)
- (3, -8); (6, 0); (7, -8); (10, 0)

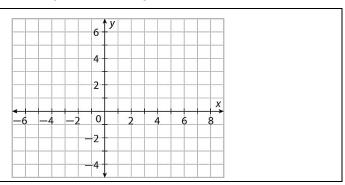
17. Graph the preimage. Then reflect it over the *x*-axis and graph the image.

preimage	image
(-4, -5) (-2, -1) (2, -2) (5, -5)	

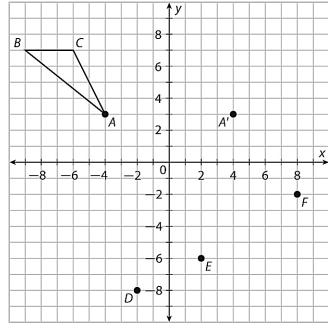
2 - X	-4 -2 0 2 4 6 8	2	6 T	
X	_4 _2 0 2 4 6 8	_4 _2 0 2 4 6 8	4 -	
<del></del>	_4 _2 0 2 4 6 8	_4 _2 0 2 4 6 8	2	
				<del>    &gt;</del>

18. Graph the preimage. Then reflect over y = x and graph the image.

preimage	image
(1, 0)	
(3, -4)	
(1, -4)	



For each point or figure, give the coordinates of its reflection over the given line. Draw and label the reflection on the graph.



19. Point A over the y-axis

Point A'(\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_)

20. Triangle ABC over the y-axis

Point A'(\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_)

Point *B'*(\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_)

Point C'(\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_)

21. Point *D* over the line y = -x

Point *D'*(\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_)

22. Point *E* over the line y = x

Point *E'*(\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_)

23. Point *F* over the *x*-axis

Point *F'*(\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_)