## What are Your Chances?

Name	
Date	Period

- 1. List the possible sample space (all possible outcomes) for each spinner.
- 2. List the possible sample space (all possible outcomes) for the die.
- 3. Find the sample space (all possible outcome) for spinning the colored spinner and rolling a die. Use a **tree diagram** to help organize the possible outcomes.

4. Represent the two events in a two-way table.

5. Does spinning a four-section spinner affect the number a six-sided die will land upon when rolled? Explain.

Use the two spinners to answer the questions 6-8.

6. Explain if spinning both spinners is an independent or dependent event.

7. Represent the events in a tree diagram or a two-way table.

- 8. What is the sample space (all possible outcomes) for spinning both spinners?
- 9. Give any example of a situation involving two independent events.
- 10. Why would the example of picking card from a deck, keeping it, and picking again be an example of a dependent event?
- 11. For each situation, tell whether it represents an independent or dependent event. Why?
  - a. There are 5 marbles in a bag. Four are blue and one is red. A marble is selected and not replaced back in the bag.
  - b. You are going to pick a card from a deck, replace it, and then draw a second card. You are trying the find the probability of both cards being an ace.
  - c. You flip a coin two times and find the probability of getting heads both times.
  - d. There are 3 red candies left in a bag of 20 multicolored candies. You are finding the chances of getting a red candy, eating it, and then getting another red candy.
  - e. Your are getting dressed in the dark. The drawer has 6 blue socks, 8 black socks, and 10 white socks. You pick out a sock, hold on to it, and pick a second sock. You are finding the probability of picking two black socks.