## LESSON <br> 21-1 <br> Probability and Set Theory

## Practice and Problem Solving: A/B

## For Problems 1-6, write each statement in set notation. Use the descriptions of the sets to the right to complete each statement.

1. the intersection of sets $A$ and $B$
2. the complement of set $A$

$$
\begin{aligned}
A= & \{21,23,25,27,29\} \\
B= & \{21,24,27,30\} \\
U= & \{20,21,22,23,24,25, \\
& 26,27,28,29,30\}
\end{aligned}
$$

3. the union of sets $A$ and $B$ $\qquad$
4. the complement of set $B$ $\qquad$
5. the number of elements in set $A$ $\qquad$
6. the number of elements in set $B$ $\qquad$
7. Define set $C$ so that $C$ is a subset of set $A$. $\qquad$
8. Define set $D$ so that $D$ is a subset of set $B$. $\qquad$
For Problems 9 and 10, use the descriptions of the sets in the box above.
9. Create a Venn diagram to represent sets $A, B$, and $U$.
10. Describe the parts of the Venn diagram that correspond to 1-4 above.
1) $\qquad$
2) $\qquad$
3) $\qquad$
4) $\qquad$


Refer to the descriptions of the sets above and the Venn diagram to find the probabilities in Problems 11-14.
11. Use set notation to write a fraction giving the probability that a number chosen from the universal set will be in set $A$. Fill in the numbers.

12. What is the probability that a number in $U$ is not in $A$ ? $\qquad$
13. What is the probability that a number in $U$ is in $A \bigcup B$ ?
$\qquad$
14. What is the probability that a number in $U$ is not in $A$ or $B$ ?
$\qquad$

