$\qquad$
Find the missing side lengths. Leave your answers in simplest radical form. Show all work including tic-tac-toe board.
1.

4

7.

16
8.

9.

10.

11.

14.

15.

16.

17.

18.


Use a calculator and inverse trigonometric ratios to find the unknown side lengths and angle measures. Round lengths to the nearest hundredth and angle measures to the nearest degree.

$A C=$ $\qquad$
2.

$D E=$ $\qquad$
3.

$G H=$ $\qquad$
$\mathrm{m} \angle B=$ $\qquad$
$E F=$ $\qquad$
$\mathrm{m} \angle D=$ $\qquad$
$\mathrm{m} \angle \mathrm{H}=$ $\qquad$
$\mathrm{m} \angle C=$ $\qquad$
$\mathrm{m} \angle I=$ $\qquad$

If you know two side lengths and the included angle of any triangle, you can use trigonometry to find the area. For Problems 4-7, follow the steps to derive an area formula, and then apply the formula to find the areas.
4. If you know $A B$ and the measure of $\angle A$, you can find the height of the triangle. Write a trigonometric equation to relate $\angle A, h$, and $c$. $\qquad$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Area of a Triangle } \\
& A=\frac{1}{2} \text { base } \times \text { height }
\end{aligned}
$$

5. Solve for $h . h=$ $\qquad$ Substitute your value for $h$ into the formula for area of a triangle. $\qquad$
6. If $b=13, c=10$, and $\mathrm{m} \angle A=28^{\circ}$, what is the area of $\triangle A B C$, to the nearest square unit? $\qquad$

7. Use the formula $A=\frac{1}{2} b c \sin A$ to find the area of each triangle.
( $b$ and $c$ are the known side lengths and $\angle A$ is the included angle.)
$A=$ $\qquad$ $A=$ $\qquad$


Follow the steps to find the area of the triangle using trigonometry.
8. Draw a line from vertex $U$ perpendicular to the base $\overline{T V}$ at a point $W$. Label its length $h$. Write the sine of $\angle T$ as a ratio using variables in the figure. Solve for $h$. Then write the area of the triangle using your value for $h$.


$$
\sin T=\frac{\square}{\square} h=\square \quad \text { Area }=
$$

9. What is the area of the triangle if $\angle T=37^{\circ}, u=14$, and $v=10$ ? $\qquad$
